

Chlorine 6

Reagent set for the photometric determination of free and total chlorine in drinking water, swimming pools and water reservoirs

Method:

Photometric determination of free and total chlorine.

At a pH value of 6.2 to 6.5 in a phosphate buffered system, free chlorine reacts with *N*,*N*-diethyl-1,4-phenylene diamine (DPD) and forms a red-violet dye. In the presence of iodide ions, the content of total chlorine (free and combined chlorine together) can be determined.

Measurement range:

0.05-6.00 mg/L Cl₂

Contents:

REF 931217 (free and total)

- sufficient for 200 tests
 - 28 g Cl₂-1 30 mL Cl₂-2
 - 1 measuring spoon 85 mm
 - 1 plastic syringe 5 mL 1 instructions for use

REF 931219 (free)

sufficient for 400 tests

- 2 x 28 g Cl₂-1 1 measuring spoon 85 mm
 - 1 plastic syringe 5 mL 1 instructions for use

Hazard warning:

Information regarding safety can be found on the box' label and in the safe-ty data sheet. You can download the SDS from *www.mn-net.com/SDS*.

Procedure:

Requisite accessories: test tubes 16 mm OD (REF 91680)

- a) Free chlorine
- Rinse test tube 16 mm OD several times with the sample (*the pH value* of the sample must be between pH 4 and 8) and fill with **5 mL sample**. Place test tube in photometer as blank value and adjust for zero. 1.
- 2 Add 1 level measuring spoon of Cl₂-1, close and shake well for 20 s. Clean outside of test tube and measure after 1 min. 3
- 4
- b) Total chlorine (only 931217)
- Open test tube again, add 3 drops of Cl₂-2, close and mix.
 Clean outside of test tube and measure after 2 min.

c) Combined chlorine

The content of combined chlorine can be calculated as difference of total and free chlorine.

Measurement: Call up method Perform measurement

After use, rinse out test tubes thoroughly and seal them.

The method can be applied also for the analysis of sea water.

Interferences:

The temperature of the water sample should be between 10 and 50 °C.

The determination of free chlorine measures bromine, bromamine, chlor-amine, iodine and, in part, chlorine dioxide as well. Higher manganese amine, amine, iodine and, in part, chlorid compounds simulate free chlorine.

Chlorine concentrations above 10 mg/L can bleach the red reaction color (low results).

hise tests tubes several times thoroughly. Residues of Cl₂-2 can cause higher values for free chlorine.

Conversion:

1.0 mg/L Cl₂ \simeq 1.9 mg/L ClO₂ \simeq 1.5 mg/L OCl⁻ \simeq 2.1 mg/L NaOCl \simeq 2.3 mg/L Br₂ \simeq 3.6 mg/L l₂

Disposing of the samples:

Information regarding disposal can be found in the safety data sheet. You can download the SDS from *www.mn-net.com/SDS*.

Storage:

Store the test kit in a cool (< 25 °C) and dry place.